

# Zero-effort adaptable security

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- **Security-sensitive code**
  - **Tiny TCB**
  - **Thoroughly verified**
  - **Hand-crafted protection against side channels**

# ANCIENT TIMES

**Security-sensitive code development**

**Only for experts**





**Security-sensitive code development**  
**And for the rest of us**

**SECURITY IS HARD**



**LET'S GO SHOPPING!**  
memegenerator.net

# Nowadays

**Power to the people!**

**Security for masses!**







1. Take your favorite app
2. Run in SGX enclave
3. Done



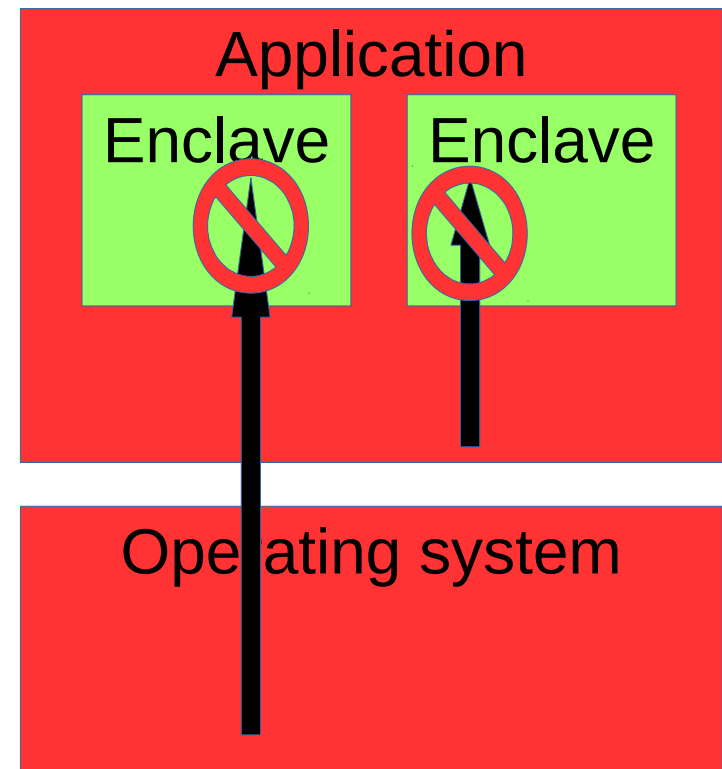
1. Take your favorite app
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# Why is it secure and fast?

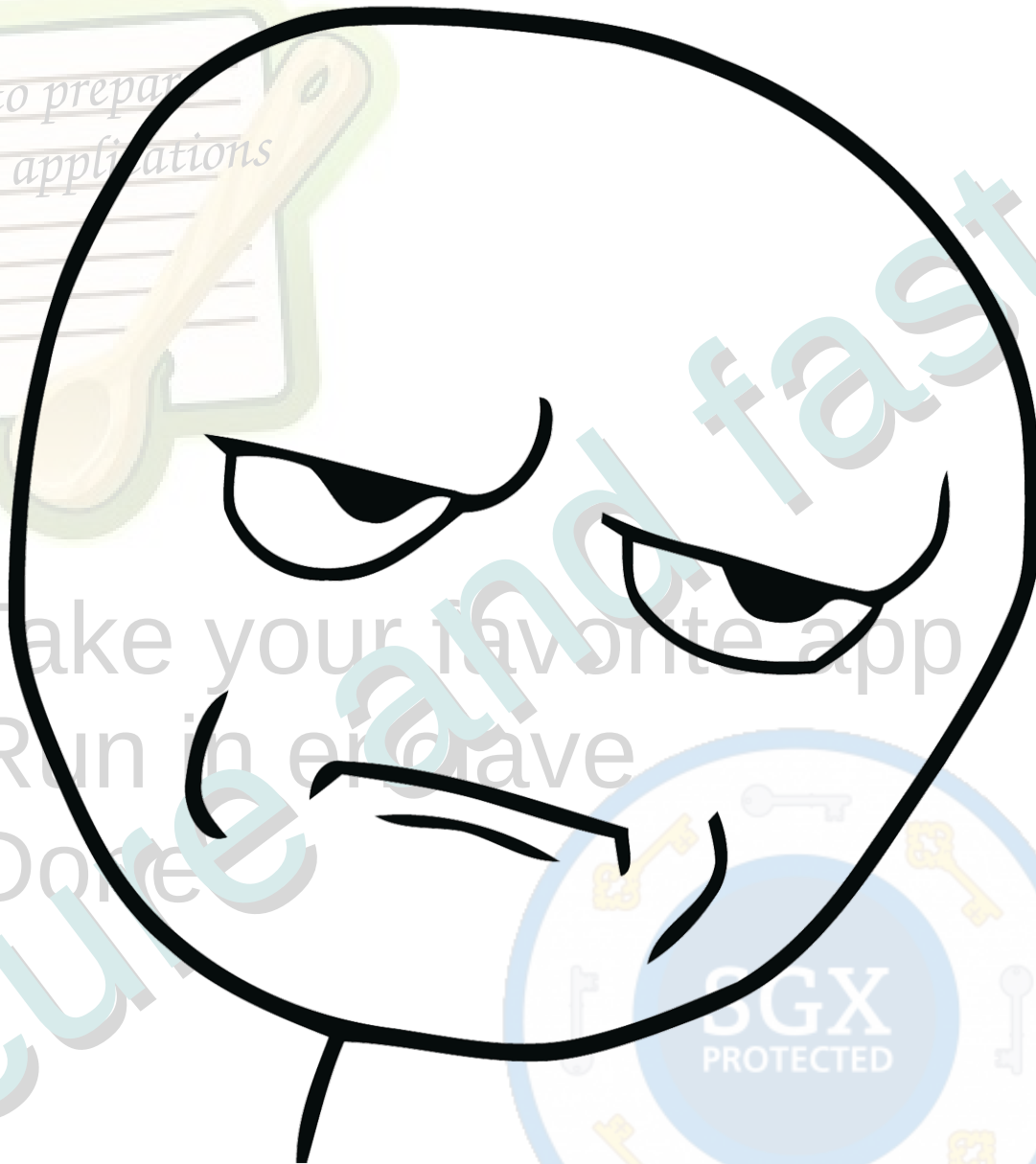
- Reversed sandbox
- Private code & data
  - Confidentiality
  - Integrity
  - Freshness
- Defends against OS!
- HW acceleration
- Scales with CPU scaling





1. Take your favorite app
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1. Take your favorite app
2. Run in enclave
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**REALLY..????**

# Running unsecured/unmodified applications

## System support

Performance  
Convenience

## Security issues

Side channels  
Buffer overflows  
ROP

# System support for zero-cost security

- Compatibility layers / LibOS
  - SCONE[OSDI16], Graphene-SGX[ATC17], Haven[OSDI14]
- Reducing huge TCB
  - Glambdring[ATC17]
  - Panoply[NDSS17]
- Performance enhancement
  - Eleos[EUROSYS17]

# Hardening SGX security

- Page table attacks and mitigation
  - T-SGX[NDSS17], Leaky Cauldron [CCS17]
- Cache-timing attacks and mitigation
  - DR.SGX[Arxiv], Cloack[USENIX Sec17]
- ROP/ASLR
  - Dark-ROP[USENIX Sec17] vs. SGX-Shield [NDSS17]
- Branch predictor attacks
  - Branch shadowing [USENIX Sec17]
- Preventing buffer overflows
  - SGXBounds [Eurosys17]

So what's the problem?

Security

10x-4000x  
slowdown for  
full protection

Performance

Security  
is  
costly



# The level of protection depends on:

- Execution environment and expected threats
  - Public vs. private clouds
  - Side channels vs. direct attacks
  - Multi-tenant vs. exclusive use
- Operational requirements
- Tolerable performance cost

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**ISVs must support different levels  
in the same application!**

# How to support all of them at once without code modification??



Security

Performance

Needed: adaptable security at  
low development cost



Unprotected

Fully Protected

# ZIKIT: **Z**ero-effort **I**nstrumentation tool**K**it for adaptable secur**I**ty

- Developer annotates sensitive memory regions



DONE

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- Developer annotates sensitive memory regions

**DONE**

- At runtime/deployment: choose desirable protection level



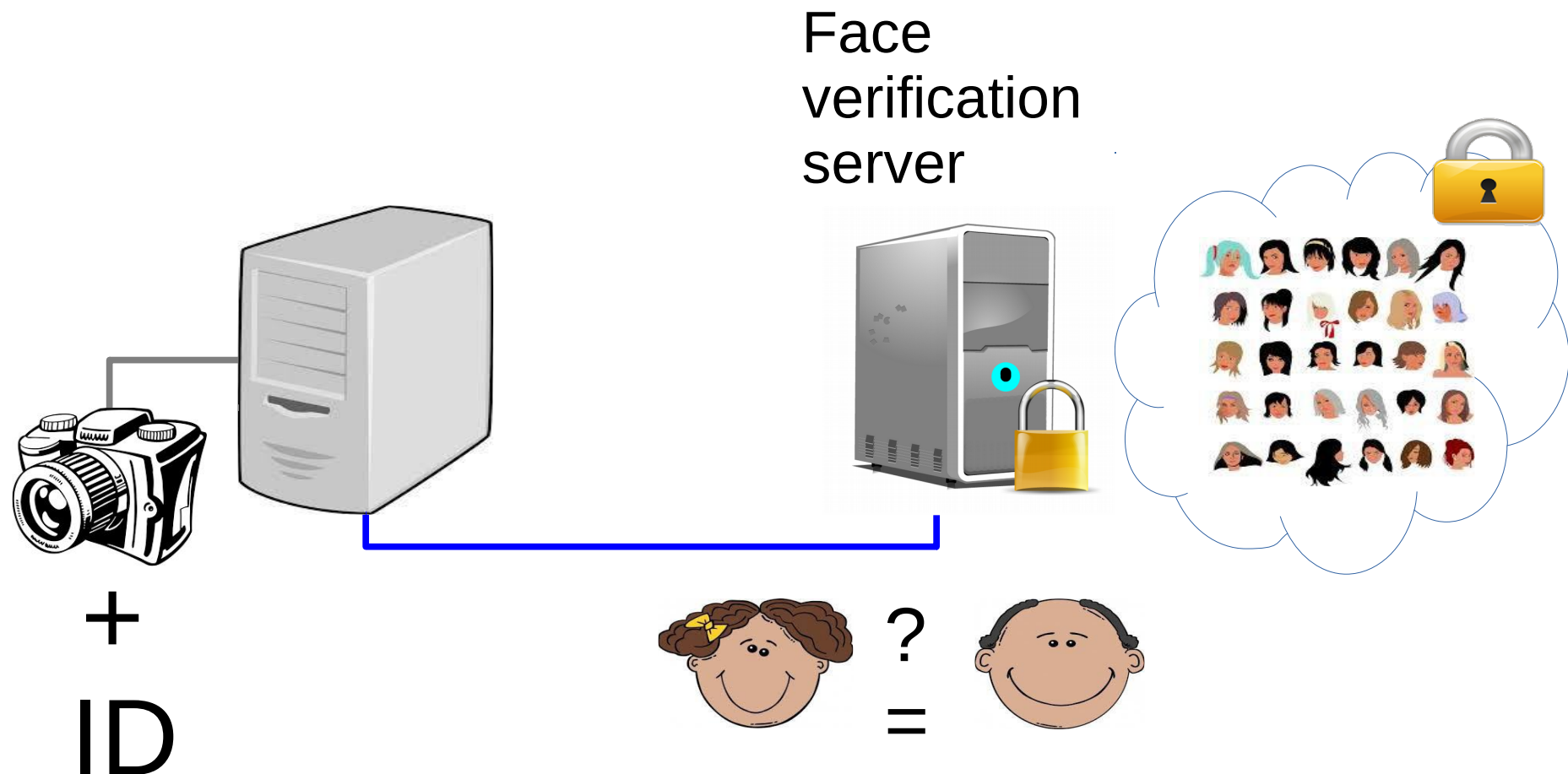
Unprotected

Fully Protected

# Under the hood

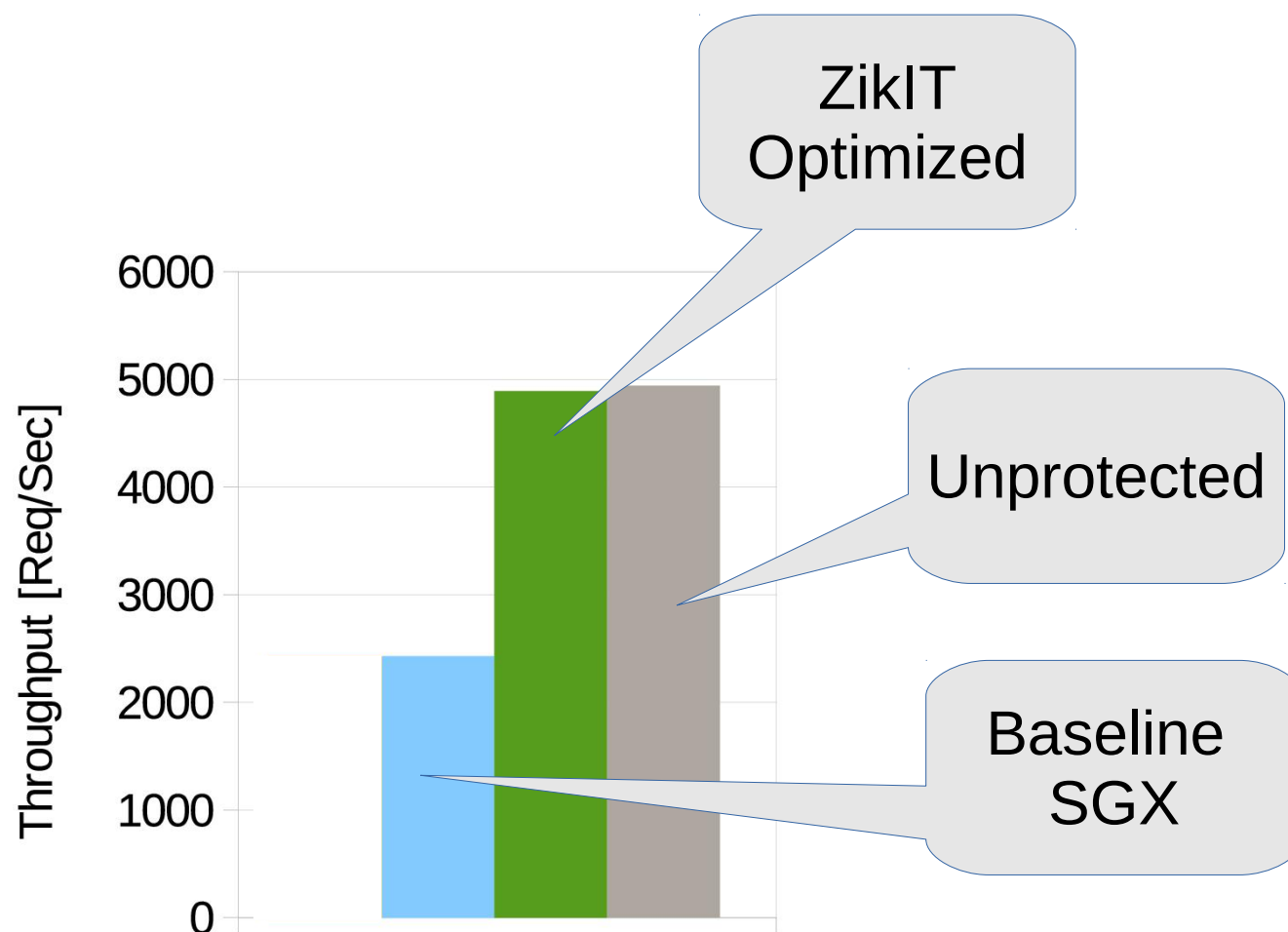
- Compiler-based selective hardening of data and code via static analysis
- Performance optimizations for memory-intensive SGX applications
- Pluggable modules for ORAM, bounds checking, remote communication,...

# Biometric Identity validation server





# Biometric Identity validation server





1. Take your favorite app
2. Compile with ZIKIT
3. Run in SGX
4. Done



# Thank you!

Watch for open source code at  
<https://github.com/acsl-technion>



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<https://sites.google.com/site/silbersteinmark>